

# **GENERAL STUD AND HERD BOOK**

## **BY-LAWS**

**AMENDED TO July 27, 2009**

# GENERAL STUD AND HERD BOOK BY-LAWS

## AMENDMENTS

Addition of Breeds: Parthenay, Normande, Paso Fino	July 16, 1979
Addition of Breed: Piedmontese	March 17, 1980
Addition of Breeds: Miniature and Donkey	May 28, 1981
Addition of Breeds: Eringer, New Forest Pony	March 8, 1982
Addition of Breeds: Rampur Hound, Do-kyis	June 20, 1985
Amended Article 13	May 27, 1986
Addition of Breed: Noriker	Nov. 13, 1986
Addition of Breeds: Coopworth and DLS	October 2, 1990
Addition of Breeds: American Eskimo, American Pit Bull Terrier, Toy Fox Terrier, American Fox and Coonhound, Bluetick Coonhound, English Coonhound, Plott Hound, Redbone Coonhound, American Black and Tan Coonhound, and Treeing Walker Coonhound	January 21, 1992
Addition of Breed: Kerry Cattle Article 13 Amended.	July 7, 1992
Article 12	July 7, 1993
Addition of Breed: Katahdin Hair Sheep	February 2, 1994

Deletion of Breeds: Donkeys Jacks and Jennets	March 9, 1995
Addition of Breed: Boer Goats	March 31, 1995
Transfer of Breed Rampur Hound to Fédération Canine du Canine Constitution	July 25, 1995
Deletion of Breed Parthenay Association incorporated and not at CLRC	December 5, 1995
Transfer of Breeds DLS Sheep Coopworth Sheep to Canadian Sheep Breeders Association	October 13, 1995
Deletion of Breed Boer Goats Association incorporated and not at CLRC	January 15, 1996
Transfer of Breed Katahdin Hair Sheep to incorporated association handled at CLRC	May 28, 1996
Amendments Section 5, 7,8, 9, 11, 15 and 18 Update of Terminology	May 2, 1996
Addition of Breed: Santa Gertrudis	December 16, 1996
Addition of Breed: Parthenais	April 6, 2000
Amendments Article 12	June 8, 2000
Article 12: Addition of Breed Exmoor Pony	July 18, 2002
Article 12: Add rules for Partbred Paso Fino Horses Delete American Eskimo and Toy Fox Terrier dogs	October 26, 2006
Article 12: Delete Connemara Pony	February 19, 2008
Article 12: Add rules for Swine	July 9, 2008
Article 7	July 27, 2009

# BY-LAWS

## 1. NAME

CANADIAN NATIONAL RECORD FOR BREEDS FOR WHICH NO RECORD  
ASSOCIATION HAS BEEN FORMED IN CANADA

SHORT TITLE -- GENERAL STUD AND HERD BOOK

## 2. OBJECTS

- (a) In accordance with the Animal Pedigree Act, the Board of Directors of the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation shall provide for the keeping of a record of the breeding and origin of species of livestock as referred to in Section 12 of these by-laws and for which no record association has been formed in Canada.
- (b) By establishing standards for such breeds and by carrying out a system of registration and identification under the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation.
- (c) By adopting means from time to time to protect and assist breeders engaged in propagation and breeding of animals hereinafter mentioned in compliance with the Animal Pedigree Act or any regulation made thereunder.
- (d) And for these purposes to have power to make all needful contracts and agreements and to make, alter and repeal regulations subject to the provisions hereinafter set forth.

## 3. INTERPRETATION

For the purposes of these by-laws the following interpretations shall apply:

"CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION" means a certificate issued by Canadian Livestock Records Corporation for a registered animal setting forth the name, registration number, date of birth, sex, identification, sire and dam of a registered animal registered in the records of the General Stud and Herd Book, and the name of the owner of the animal, and such additional particulars as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors.

"CERTIFICATE OF IDENTIFICATION" means the official document issued by Canadian Livestock Records Corporation for an animal other than registered certifying identification in the General Stud and Herd Book.

"REGISTERED" means that an official certificate of registration has been issued by Canadian Livestock Records Corporation. (SEE CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION).

"IDENTIFIED" means that an official certificate of identification has been issued by Canadian Livestock Records Corporation. (SEE CERTIFICATE OF IDENTIFICATION).

"RECOGNIZED BREED" means a breed of animal, either imported or developed in Canada, considered by the Minister of Agriculture for Canada and the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation to be distinct from any other breed.

#### 4. TRANSFER OF RECORDS

Upon incorporation of an association and approval of the by-laws (Constitution) by the Minister of Agriculture for Canada in accordance with the Animal Pedigree Act, the Board of Directors shall discontinue registering and/or identifying such breed. The records of such breed shall be turned over to the incorporated association upon written request of said association. Such action shall automatically amend these by-laws by deleting all reference to said breed.

#### 5. INCOME AND EXPENSES

All income shall be deposited in a chartered bank to the credit of Canadian Livestock Records Corporation.

#### 6. BOOKS OF RECORD

##### REGISTER

A register shall be kept at the office of the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation and shall be known as the Canadian National Record General Stud and Herd Book. It shall be published by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation at such time and in such form as decided upon by the Board of Directors.

##### PRIVATE BREEDING RECORDS

There shall be kept by each breeder a private record which shall contain full particulars of his breeding operations. This record shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by officials of the Department of Agriculture for Canada and the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation.

#### 7. REGISTRATION OF IDENTIFICATION MARKS

- a) The Board of Directors shall from time to time and as occasion may require make regulations for the identification of animals registered under the provisions hereinafter mentioned in these by-laws. These will include tattoo markings, electronic implant and ear tags.
- b) If such identification is to be by tattoo markings the following requirements shall apply:
  1. A breeder must apply to the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation for and be allotted identification letters for his exclusive use.
  2. Animals must be identified with tattoo markings in the location specified by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation, with the registered identification letters of the owner of animal at birth and a serial number followed by the designated year letter to signify year of birth. The letter "F" will signify that the animal was born in 1996. ("G" 1997), ("H" 1998), ("J" 1999), ("K"

2000), ("L" 2001), ("M" 2002), ("N" 2003), ("P" 2004), etc. The letters "I", "O", "Q" and "V" shall not be used as designating year letters.

3. All animals must be identified by tattoo markings before they are six months of age and before applying for registration or identification. No two animals, regardless of sex, may be tattooed with the same identification.
  4. After the expiration of five years, registered tattoo letters may be forfeited if they have not been used in registering animals by the registered owner during that period. Such letters may, at the discretion of the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation, be allotted to another breeder.
  5. All Lipizzaner Horses born in Canada shall be lip tattooed after registration with the letters C L and with the registration number assigned by Canadian Livestock Records Corporation followed by the letter used to designate the year of birth as indicated in paragraph 2. In addition, such animals shall also be branded on the left hind quarter with the official brand registered for this purpose. Branding is recommended between the ages of six and nine months of age.
- c) If such identification is to be by electronic implant the following requirements shall apply.
1. The implant device must be of a type and kind deemed to be acceptable for identification purposes by the Board of Directors.
  2. The implant device must emit a signal that is unique within the breed.
  3. The device must be implanted in a manner and location recommended by the manufacturer of the unit.
- d) If such identification is by ear tags, the following regulations shall apply:
1. Two ear tags of an acceptable type, bearing identical and unique identification marks, shall be used with one tag placed in each ear.
  2. Should the tag in one ear become dislodged, it shall be replaced by a new tag bearing the same identification marks.

## 8. REGISTRATION OF PREFIXES AND NAMING ANIMALS

1. A breeder may register a prefix for his exclusive use in naming animals owned by him at birth. Such registered prefix shall not be used by any other person, partnership or corporate body in naming animals of the same breed, except in the case of members of the immediate family provided written consent by the registered owner is on file with Canadian Livestock Records Corporation.
2. In registering a prefix priority in use shall be considered. Any dispute between breeders as to priority right to a prefix shall be referred to the Board of Directors for decision and such decision shall be final.
3. A registered prefix may be transferred on application to the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation by the registered owner.
4. A registered prefix that has not been used in naming registered or identified animals may be canceled after a period of five years.

5. Names of animals should not be duplicated. The Canadian Livestock Records Corporation reserves the right to change any name when necessary, preserving, however, as far as possible some characteristic of the name given on the application.
6. A name shall not contain more than thirty letter spaces or characters including the prefix and numeral affix. Letters or numerals may be used as a prefix but special characters will not be permitted.
7. The names of animals imported from foreign countries shall not be changed unless the provisions of the foreign organization permit duplication in names.
8. The Canadian Livestock Records Corporation reserves the right to refuse any name which may be misleading as to origin or relationship of an animal.
9. Names of members of the Royal Family or Leaders of National Governments of the day shall not be used.
10. The Canadian Livestock Records Corporation may approve a change in the name of an animal provided there are no registered offspring. A new application must be completed and signed by the owner at birth or the importer, then presented to the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation with the certificate and the specified fee.

## 9. REGISTRATION OF PEDIGREES

There shall be furnished by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation for all eligible living animals, a certificate on the form adopted by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation.

The Board of Directors shall have power to refuse the signatures and applications for registration, identification or transfer from any person if that person is considered to have contravened:

1. one of these by-laws concerning eligibility or identification
2. the Animal Pedigree Act
3. the regulations concerning the importation of livestock, embryos or semen;

or if that person is in arrears of fees.

The Board of Directors shall also have authority to cancel any certificate of registration, certificate of identification or transfer of ownership where the information is deemed in the opinion of the Board to be incorrect or fraudulent.

## 10. APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OR IDENTIFICATION

Application for registration and identification must be made on forms supplied by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation. All spaces must be filled in and all signatures must be in ink.

## 11. TRANSFER, LEASING AND DUPLICATE CERTIFICATES

Applications for registration of change of ownership must be made on forms supplied by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation and must provide the date of sale and in the case of a female, if bred, service certificate must be completed or the application accompanied by an artificial insemination report of service.

The application shall be accompanied by the certificate and a remittance to cover the fee as specified in the schedule. The change of ownership, if in order, will be endorsed by Canadian Livestock Records Corporation.

When an animal is sold or otherwise disposed of as a purebred, a registered animal, an identified animal or eligible for registration or identification, it shall be the responsibility of the seller to apply for transfer of ownership and to provide the certificate of registration or identification to the purchaser after the change of ownership has been officially recorded thereon. Failure to do so on any pretext whatsoever shall automatically result in denial of further privileges of these by-laws.

When the sale of an animal includes delivery of a specified number of units of semen (vials, straws, etcetera), it shall be the responsibility of the seller to transfer such semen to the purchaser of the female upon delivery of the semen.

When an animal has been sold as a grade without the certificate or is dead, the certificate shall be marked accordingly and surrendered to Canadian Livestock Records Corporation.

When an animal is leased for breeding purposes, an application for lease supplied by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation must be completed and signed by the lessor and forwarded to the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation. The period of lease shall be reported on the application. The lessee will in all cases be considered the owner of the progeny of leased females born during the period of the lease. The lessee will also be considered as the breeder of calves conceived during the period of the lease of such females.

A duplicate certificate may be issued if the registered owner or his authorized agent files a witnessed declaration showing in a satisfactory manner that the original is lost or unobtainable.

## 12. RULES OF ELIGIBILITY

The following animals shall be eligible for entry in the Canadian National Record General Stud and Herd Book.

### HORSES

#### CLEVELAND BAY

- (a) A purebred animal registered in the Cleveland Bay Horse Stud Book of the Cleveland Bay Horse Society of the United Kingdom.
- (b) An imported in utero purebred foal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and whose dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) A purebred animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in Canada or in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal other than a purebred may be registered so long as at least one great-grandparent is a purebred registered in a recognized herd book. Descendants of percentage animals shall not be eligible to be registered as purebreds.
- (e) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.



### FRENCH COACH

- (a) An animal registered in Registre de Chevaux de Demi-Sang.
- (b) An animal registered in the French Coach Horse Stud Book of America.
- (c) An imported in utero foal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (d) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (e) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.

### SUFFOLK

- (a) An animal registered in the English Suffolk Horse Stud Book.
- (b) An animal registered in the American Suffolk Horse Stud Book.
- (c) An imported in utero foal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (d) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (e) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.

### LIPIZZANER (LIPIZZAN)

- (a) An imported animal registered in the Lipizzaner Stud Farm Book of the Austrian Federal Stud Farm, Piber, Austria or one whose ancestors descend from a direct line of horses from the official Imperial and Royal Court Stud Farm of Lipica.
- (b) An imported in utero foal whose sire is registered in the Lipizzaner Stud Farm Book of the Austrian Federal Stud Farm, Piber, Austria, or whose ancestors descend from a direct line of horses from the official Imperial and Royal Court Stud Farm of Lipica and whose dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.

### VIKING PONIES (SKOGSRUSS)

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of records in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero foal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.

- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.

#### ANGLO-NORMAND

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of records in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero foal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada whose dam is Canadian registered and which was transported to a foreign country for breeding provided the sire is registered in a recognized book of record.

#### PASO FINO

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of records in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero foal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal, resident in Canada or the United States of America, which has:
  - i) One purebred parent registered in a recognized herd book and one parent that is of another breed; or
  - ii) One purebred parent registered in a recognized herd book and the other parent registered as a partbred Paso Fino; or
  - iii) Two parents that are registered as partbred Paso Finos.
  - iv) One parent that is registered as a partbred Paso Fino, but which has one purebred parent, and one parent that is of another breed (i.e. the horse to be registered must be a minimum of 25% Paso Fino blood).

No animal registered as a partbred Paso Fino, or any of its offspring, shall be eligible for registration as a purebred Paso Fino.

#### NORIKER HORSE

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero foal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.

## NEW FOREST PONIES

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero foal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.

## EXMOOR PONY

The Exmoor Pony Registry shall be divided into three Breeding Sections, a Non-Breeding Appendix and a Part-Bred Registry:

### Breeding Registry:

- Section 1: A pony sired by a Section 1 stallion, out of either a Section 1 or a Section 2 mare and displaying correct markings.
- Section 2: A pony sired by a Section 1 stallion out of a section 3 mare and displaying correct markings.
- Section 3: A pony sired by a Section 1 stallion, out of a Section 1, Section 2 or a Section 3 mare but displaying white marks, white hooves/soles, white hairs or poorly defined mealy markings.

### Non-Breeding Appendix:

- Appendix A: A pony sired by a Section 1 stallion, out of a Section 1, Section 2 or a Section 3 mare but displaying incorrect colouring or traits.

### Part Bred Registry:

Ponies eligible for the Part Bred Registry must be at least 50% Exmoor Pony.

- 1.: Exmoor Pony colts eligible for stallion status must be by a Section 1 stallion and out of a Section 1 mare.
- 2.: Ponies will be accepted for registration provided they are directly descended in all lines of pedigree from ponies registered in the Stud Book of the Exmoor Pony Society (Great Britain). Ponies shall be eligible for registration if they are already registered in the Stud Book of the Exmoor Pony Society (Great Britain) and the Canadian Mountain & Moorland Society. Imported ponies shall be granted Canadian Registration only according to the rules of Eligibility which are in effect at the time of application for registration.
- 3.: All pure-bred Exmoor Ponies shall be parentage verified by DNA analysis as a pre-requisite for registration.

- a) DNA shall be performed within the calendar year of birth or within six months of importation.
  - b) Records of the DNA analysis shall be kept by the registry.
- 4.: The use of Artificial Insemination or Embryo Transfer shall be allowed by special application prior to undertaking these procedures.
- 5.: The registration of ponies born to dams who were bred in the year following the calendar year in which they were foaled shall not be accepted for registration.
- 6.: Three photographs must accompany the Application for Registration. One showing a close up of the face with the forelock brushed aside. One each showing the full right and left sides of the pony including the hooves. Photographs must be in focus, colour and the pony should fill the frame when taking the picture.
- 7.: Permanent identification of each pony is encouraged by Microchip Implant, Branding or Tattooing. Where ponies have a permanent identification it shall be provided on the Application for Registration and noted on the Certificate of Registration for that pony.

## CATTLE

### DEVON

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

### NORWEGIAN RED

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

### ROUGE FLAMANDE (FLEMISH RED)

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

#### AUBRAC

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

#### GASCONNE

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

#### BRAHMAN

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.

- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

#### NORMANDE

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

#### ERINGER

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

#### KERRY CATTLE

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of records of the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination, or embryo transfer, may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

#### SANTA GERTRUDIS

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.

- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination or embryo transfer may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

PARTHENAIS

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero calf whose sire is registered in the recognized book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.
- (d) An animal born in Canada the result of artificial insemination or embryo transfer may be registered under regulations approved by the Board of Directors and the Canada Department of Agriculture.
- (e) An animal other than purebred may be upgraded in accordance with the Table of Eligibility.

CATTLE TABLE OF ELIGIBILITY

SIRE	DAM	HEIFER CALVES	BULL CALVES
OFFICIAL FRACTION	OFFICIAL FRACTION	OFFICIAL FRACTION	OFFICIAL FRACTION
Purebred	0	1/2	1/2
Purebred	1/2	3/4	3/4
Purebred	3/4	Purebred	7/8
Purebred	Purebred	Purebred	Purebred

Parent stock must be registered through each phase of up-grading.

Percentage stock imported shall be eligible at the same level in Canada.

DOGS

DO-KYIS

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero animal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.

### AMERICAN PIT BULL TERRIER

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero animal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.

### AMERICAN FOX AND COONHOUND

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero animal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.

### BLUETICK COONHOUND

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero animal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.

### ENGLISH COONHOUND

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero animal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.

### PLOTT HOUND

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero animal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.



## REDBONE COONHOUND

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero animal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.

## AMERICAN BLACK AND TAN COONHOUND

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero animal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.

## TREEING WALKER COONHOUND

- (a) An imported animal registered in the recognized book of record in the country of origin.
- (b) An imported in utero animal whose sire is registered in the recognized foreign book of record and dam is Canadian registered.
- (c) An animal born in Canada whose sire and dam are registered in a recognized herd book.

## SWINE

### GP 1025 COMPOSITE

### GP 1075 COMPOSITE

### GP 1125 COMPOSITE

- (a) An animal which is recognized as Foundation Stock, or which is registered in a recognized herd book agreed to by the Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food for Canada.
- (b) An animal whose sire and dam are registered in the General Stud and Herd Book or in a recognized herd book as agreed to by the Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food for Canada, and which conforms to breed characteristics.
- (c) An animal born as the result of artificial insemination and/or embryo transplant, whose sire and dam are registered in the General Stud and Herd Book or a recognized herd book as agreed to by the Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food for Canada.
- (d) An animal whose sire and dam are any combination of the above.

## OTHER BREEDS

In addition to the breeds now recognized as eligible for inclusion in the General Stud and Herd Book, the Minister of Agriculture for Canada may approve as a recognized breed, any other breed for inclusion. Such recognition shall not become effective until the Rules of Eligibility as drafted by the Board of Directors have been approved by the Minister.

## PEDIGREE STATUS

"R" Preceding the number will designate identified or percentage stock.

"G" Preceding the number indicates that an animal has attained purebred status through upgrading.

"P" Preceding the number or the letters "R" and/or "G" designates Polled animals.

Numbers not preceded by the letter "R" or "G" will designate animals as purebred deriving from pure ancestry.

## 13. FEES

The fees for all services provided shall be set by the Canadian Livestock Records Corporation Board of Directors.

## 14. CHARACTERISTICS AND COLOUR

All animals eligible for registration shall be free from disqualifications, conform to type and characteristics and true to colour phases of the breed represented. For this purpose the Board of Directors may from time to time and as occasion may require determine, by resolution, standards, qualifications and colour phases.

## 15. AMENDMENTS

These by-laws may be amended by a resolution of the Board of Directors. No amendment shall have any force or effect until approved by the Minister of Agriculture.

## 16.

Notwithstanding anything herein contained, the Board of Directors assumes no responsibility, financial or otherwise, for any loss or damage that may be sustained to any individual partnership, firm or corporation by reason of the suspension, cancellation or correction of any document.

## 17.

Wherever the context permits in these by-laws the singular shall include the plural and the masculine, the feminine and the neuter.

## 18. PENALTIES

Each breeder registering or transferring animals under these by-laws is subject to the provisions of the Animal Pedigree Act.